

The Raymond Recorder

The News and Advertising Medium of Southern Alberta's Sugar District

VOL. 4

RAYMOND, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, OCT 29 1926

NO. 35

Eat More Fresh Fruit. Finest Quality

Table Grapes 2c a Pound

This is no catch proposition. Absolutely the finest quality TABLE GRAPES AT TWO CENTS A POUND. All you have to do is buy one pound of grapes at 25c, which is the regular price, and you get the second pound for 2 cents. Buy all you want and you get every second pound for 2 cents.

Other Interesting Prices for Careful Buyers for Saturday

Delicious Apples per lb 6c
Onions, fine dry quality 9 lbs for 27c
P & G White Naptha Soap 17 bars for 97c
Heinz Catsup, large bottles 29c
Finest Mixed Candy, 25c quality 2 lbs for 26c
Cheese, mild flavor, reg 35c Special 27c
Large Bars LeLys Toilet Soap 8c
Buy 5 c. Bridger Can. Peas at 20c and get 1 FREE
Cardston Creamery Butter is up 2c. Our price
for Saturday is reduced to 37c
Six Chocolate Bars for 25c and a Fat Emma FREE
Bread Special 3 loaves for 23c
Sardines in Oil or Mustard per tin 6c



10 or 57

THE BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Raymond Merc.

COMPANY, LIMITED

NEW SHIPMENT OF

Men's Shirts and Blazers

QUALITY GOODS REASONABLE PRICES

(How about your Underwear for these crisp Fall days?)

The Broadway Store

Your Interest is Our Interest

PHONE 2

Six Bargains In Used Cars

One 1924 Special Star Touring
Two 1925 Ford Touring Cars
One 1926 Ford Touring
Two 1923 Ford Coupes

Reconditioned and Ready
for the Road

Raymond Service Station

J. D. HALL

Chrysler Cars

Dealer

Star Cars

Use Want Ads--They Pay Big

Town of Raymond NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE—That due to the shortage in the Town's water supply citizens will not be allowed to water more than two head of cows or horses from the Town supply, and further, will not be allowed to water any stock whatsoever from the Town supply without first making arrangements at the Town office.

THIS NOTICE is effective from date of publication and prosecutions for the infringement of this will be the immediate result.

The definite scarcity of the local water supply has made this action necessary.

R. A. VanOrman, Chief of Police

News Notes

November 11th is Poppy Day.

The local scout council announces that a boy scout rally will be held at the High School, next Wednesday at 8 p. m. It is the intention to re-organize two troupes. All boys of scout age are invited.

Citizens now have an opportunity to secure free cinders for making paths, etc., by applying at the sugar factory. Have your beet haulers take on a load while they are down that way. Citizens should act on this before freeze-up to avoid digging frozen cinders.

Mrs. S. B. Card entertained most elaborately on Wednesday in honor of her mother's birthday (Mrs. Witbeck,) many guests sat down to a table laden with a tasty lunch. Mrs. Zabriskie assisted in serving. About 15 guests were invited. There were present, besides the guest of honor: Mrs. O. S. Longman, Mrs. Barber, Little Miss Longman, Mrs. McLean, Mrs. T. J. O'Brien, Mrs. A. W. Kirkham, Mrs. Nalder, Mrs. Lamb, Mrs. J. D. Hall, Mrs. C. Nilsson, Mrs. E. Nilsson, Mrs. Buckholt, Mrs. H. C. Christensen, Mrs. Zabriskie, and Mrs. Honey Nalder.

The New Dayton, Warner, United Prairie and Counts Women's Institutes, 200 in number, visited Raymond Saturday Oct. 23rd for the purpose of visiting the School of Agriculture and the Sugar factory. They were welcomed at the school by Principal O. S. Longman and staff, also the President and officers of the local Women's Institute. They were shown through the school and instructive lectures given, after which lunch was served in the school dining room. At 2 p. m. the visitors proceeded to the Sugar Factory, where the officials of the Company showed them the plant and explained in detail the process of manufacturing pure Alberta sugar.

C. W. Stone, Ira McBride, Wm. Wiggil and Roy Stone went gunning for geese last Wednesday and brought back three big fellows.

Alberta members of the wheat pool have been paid their final payment during the past week. This brings the total payment to them on the 1925 wheat crop to \$1,425, basis Vancouver, allowing for all deductions for pool purposes. The Alberta pool handled more than 45,000,000 bushels of the 1925 crop compared with 23,000,000 bushels of the 1924 crop.

News Notes

Mel Christensen's threshing outfit, one of the last in the field, pulled in on Wednesday.

The local volunteer fire brigade consisting of Chief Van Orman, assistant Ed Hawk, Arvin Nilsson, Ira McBride, Wally Barrett, Lou King, W. J. Van Orman and George Ralph have received special invitations from Chief Faulds of the Taber fire department to attend the annual firemen's ball at Taber tonight. The Raymond men will wear red printed badges at the festive occasion. Be it known that the Taber firemen's ball is the biggest dance event of the season.

The local School of Agriculture opened on Wednesday with an attendance of 52, comprised of 29 boys and 33 girls. A large number of students have been detained for a few days by the late harvest season. Many of these will be in attendance next Monday. Before many days have passed it is evident that the student body will number more than 100. The staff is composed of O. S. Longman, Miss Scott, C. O. Asplund, Jos. Ficht, Douglas Gilbert, C. B. Stevens, Miss Jessie Redig and Miss Alice Rygg. Principal Longman is planning an extensive stock feeding experiment as part of the course this winter for the purpose of determining food values of beet pulp and other feed grown in this district.

Close to a million dollars' worth of new wealth will be produced on the United Irrigation District this season. The farmers will do that in spite of average spring weather conditions and damage in grade during the protracted damp weather of September. The seeding season on the United was dry and much of the crop was late. Nevertheless, an estimate of the aggregate grain production for the district is 750,000 bushels. This in itself represents a pile of money and when one adds to it revenue from cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry, sugar beets and potatoes, the figure quoted is not idle speculation. The soil products and marketable livestock are there to support the estimate.—Lethbridge Herald.

Nearly 200,000 acres of homestead land have been taken up by new settlers in the dominion lands area covered by the Edmonton agency in the nine months since the beginning of the year. The total filings were 1,240, including soldiers' grants as compared with 741 filings for the same period in the previous year.



REX THEATRE

TONIGHT & SATURDAY

RICHARD BARTHELMESS IN

Shore Leave

Adults 30c

Children 15c

SPUD MATINEE SATURDAY—Three large potatoes entitled each kiddie to come. \$1.00 prize for largest, 50 cents for next largest spud.

MONDAY NEXT

S-I-L-E-N-C-E!

A TREMENDOUS CROOK PICTURE

Also "THE GREEN ARCHER"

NEXT THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY

The Eagle of the Sea

Greater than "THE SEA HAWK"

Coming Nov. 18 - "THE GOLD RUSH"

Cut the Corner to Bigger Savings

By Buying These

Money - Savers For Saturday

Ramsays Fancy Biscuits reg 45c, for 30c
Large California Grapes, special per lb 20c
Large 2 lb pkg Mother's Cocoa 44c
Cherry and Apple Jelly per tin 69c
Family Graham Wafers 39c
Large size Queen Olives 40c
Hubbard Squash per lb 41c
1 pkg Ch pso and 12 bars P & G Soap 94c

Extra! 20 Per Cent Discount on Children's Sweaters and Sweater Suits.

Bennett & Co. Ltd.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE



Stop Falling Hair!

Money Back if it Doesn't!

The big problem with scalp specialists is to get the public to form a consistent habit of taking care of their hair. Van Eas Liquid Sealant comes in a patented bottle with a special applicator which is attached to the scalp for easy application. The applicator is used by holding it against the scalp and moving it back and forth. One minute's use with Van Eas Sealant cures dandruff, grows new hair. We give you a positive today guarantee.

The Raymond Pharmacy

Free Gold Fish

Next week we will give FREE on the purchase of one package of Fish Food at 15c and a 50c Nyal preparation, two Gold Fish in a glass globe.

The Raymond Pharmacy

Try Your Own Drug Store First for the Very Best

P. W. COPE

Stationery

—School Supplies—

Drugs

RED ROSE

"is good COFFEE"

The Grandeur of Work

Some very significant statements appearing recently in the newspapers and magazines are worthy of repetition as pointing a moral to all individuals, communities and nations.

Several of these articles comment on the rapid and strong "come-back" staged by Germany. Following the signing of the peace treaty the German people found themselves relieved of the burden of maintaining a huge standing army and a large and expensive navy, but on the other hand, they had sustained the loss of all their colonies, practically all their mercantile shipping, and, like all countries, were faced with the re-organization of their industries from a war to a peace basis, and, in addition, their whole overseas export trade had been destroyed. Their money was valueless, and they were compelled to assume enormously heavy taxation to make good their losses and pay their reparation bills. There was only one solution to their difficulties, and that was for everybody to go to work, and work hard and long. They did so, and now the whole world is witnessing the spectacle of a rehabilitated Germany which is rapidly becoming prosperous.

Italy, too, was impoverished by the war, her money was valueless; her iron mines had been ruined; her public debt huge, and many of her people of an indolent type, preferring to beg rather than work. It appeared that the whole country would fall into the hands of Bolshevik Socialists. Mussolini arose as a dictator and saved the situation by prohibiting begging, ordering everybody to go to work, and reorganizing the industries of the country and prohibiting the importation of luxuries. As a result a new Italy is arising, presenting a sharp contrast to Russia where industry languishes and is fast being destroyed, and unemployment is everywhere rife.

Probably the two most prosperous countries in the world today are the United States and Canada, and they are two countries where everybody, generally speaking, is willing and anxious to work, and, in fact, are at work. The prosperity of these two nations are the workers, and the men and women to whom all look up are those who by their own efforts have achieved a marked success in life. Sometimes it is even charged that in the United States and Canada the people make too great a god of work, but at least it has brought peace and contentment at home, prosperity, and a high standard of living.

Now turn to another picture and view conditions in a country where, because of strikes and industrial upheavals, approximately two million men are not at work. The prolonged strike of the coal miners in Great Britain is working havoc in all directions, and not on the miners and mine owners alone. Following the general strike called to assist the miners, and which ended in complete failure, hundreds of thousands of workers, other than miners, were unable to get employment. Unemployment figures increased over May and June last by over 650,000. Industry in every line is suffering, the standard of living has been lowered, and Government revenues have failed to such an extent that the country is faced with a huge deficit this year. Even Canada suffers because of the inability of the people to buy wheat, butter, cheese, and other products we have to export. The effect of the miners' strike on their fellow workers is further disclosed by the announced inability of the Railwaymen's Union to meet the levy made on it to support the striking miners. No less than 45,000 railway men have not yet been given employment since the general strike. In May last, while 200,000 more are working only three days a week. The same thing is true in scores of industries.

The lesson to be learned from these several sets of conditions is that, much as people may grumble about their work, and being obliged to work, the fact remains that in work lies the salvation of the race. All work and no play may make Jack a dull boy, but no work soon results in moral and physical degeneration. The workings of the present age on this continent are the sons and daughters of the rich who lack any incentive to work and who, finding time hand heavily on their hands, indulge in all sorts of toollessness and excesses. They are discontented, unhappy, useless, and fill the night clubs and divorce courts.

On the other hand, real happiness is experienced today by the men and women who are doing the world's work. Work is their salvation and their joy, and in their hours of leisure they are both mentally and physically capable of extracting real fun and enjoyment out of whatever form their recreation may take. They find satisfaction and not infrequently glory in their work, of achievement, and at the same time are adding to the advancement of the world and the greatness and prosperity of their country.

There is something radically wrong with the man or woman who objects to working, and who can find no pleasure in it, and the sooner boys and girls are taught the nobility of work, and the satisfaction to be derived from any job well done, the better it will be for themselves as well as for others.

Offer Prize For Wheat

Following the practice of recent years the Canadian Pacific Railway Company is again awarding a prize of \$100 to the Canadian scoring the highest number of points in hard wheat at the International Hay and Grain Show, to be held in Chicago the first week of December. In past years, with but one or two exceptions, the winner of this prize has also proved to be the winner of the world's championship in wheat.

Nap on silk hats often comes from the fiber of milkweed.

The Oil of Power.—It is not claimed for Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil that it will remedy every ill, but its uses are so various that it may be looked upon as a general pain killer. It has achieved that greatness for itself and its excellence is known to all who have tested its virtues and learned by experience.

When opened recently a 3,000-year-old jar of perfume found in an Egyptian tomb still retained its fragrance.

Men who try to keep up appearances often find it necessary to keep up appearances later on.



Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Colds Headache Neuritis Lumbago
Pain Neuralgia Toothache Rheumatism

DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

Safe Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetyl-acetic acid of Salicylic acid (Acetyl Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A."). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Improving On Nature

Scientists Making Over Life to Suit Their Own Ideas

Somewhat the scientists seem determined to leave nothing as it was ordained by nature, and to make over life after their own ideas of fitness. Now one of them predicts the discovery of a way of doing away with sleep, through the means of a chemical reaction, that will eliminate the toxic products of fatigue. Eight hours of work and sixteen for leisure and recreation is his vision. Poor old nature! How much more man knows—or thinks he knows—than she does!—Youth's Companion.

Swollen Joints, Quickly Limbered Up

Rub On Nerviline

You would be surprised at the wonderful action of "Nerviline" in just such cases. Being thin and not an oil preparation, it is able to penetrate quickly, and down it sinks into the tissues, carrying its healing, soothing action wherever it goes. For stopping muscular or nerve pain, for easing a stiff joint, Nerviline is a complete success. Pain, soreness, stiffness all vanish before the magic power of this wonderful liniment. Nearly fifty years of success proves the merit of Nerviline, which is sold everywhere in large 35 cent bottles.

Photos Of War Memorials

Want Photo of Every Memorial of Great War in Canada

An effort is being made by the Department of National Defence to obtain photographs of every memorial of the Great War in Canada. These are to be added to the collection of records of the war memorials of the whole Empire, which is to be housed in the Imperial War Museum in London.

The department at Ottawa is inviting those who have erected memorials of any kind to send in photographs for this purpose.

A FINE TONIC FOR NERVOUS WOMEN

Proof That Building Up the Blood Will Strengthen the Nerves

If you want strong nerves you must make the effort yourself. You can help yourself by refusing to worry, by taking the proper rest, sleep and outdoor exercise. For medicine take only Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which promptly build up the blood and thus feed the starved, frayed nerves.

A case of extreme nervous exhaustion restored by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is that of Mrs. R. Dundas, Peterboro, Ont., who says: "Some years ago I suffered a complete nervous breakdown. I doctored with two local doctors, but got no relief. In fact I was growing worse and weaker all the time. In this condition my mother came to take care of me and asked me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as she had taken them all through the change of life with splendid results. At this time I felt so far gone that I did not care whether I lived or not. But the coaxing of my mother and other relatives finally persuaded me to try the pills. By the time I had taken a few boxes I was feeling a little improvement and was able to move around. As I kept on taking the pills I felt myself able to go out and made a practice of going to a nearby store every second week to weigh myself, and I gained rapidly from 102 to 135 pounds. I continued taking the pills for several months, and it is impossible for me to express in words the wonders they did for me. Nobody but myself knows the tortures I endured from nerve trouble, and now, thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I am a normal, healthy woman. I do not think anyone troubled as I was can find a better remedy than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

If your dealer does not keep the pills you can get them by mail at 50c a box by writing "The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

Says Reindeer Meat Is Excellent

Knut Rasmussen, Arctic explorer, says Canada in the not far distant future eating reindeer meat to the almost total exclusion of beef. It's good meat, he says, and once Canadians have cultivated a taste for it after generations of the roast beef of old England, they will prefer it to anything else.

If Miller's Worm Powders needed the support of testimonials they could get from mothers who know the great virtue of this excellent medicine. But the powders will speak for themselves and in such a way that there can be no question of them. They act speedily and thoroughly and the child to whom they are administered will show improvement from the first dose.

The parents of many a man who claims to be self-made, went hungry in order to save money to help him get started.

Lady — Goodbye, dear; and come over again some time.
Little Girl—Thank you, and mother said I could stay to tea if I was asked.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

W. N. U. 1651

Simple Colds indicate a need of **SCOTT'S EMULSION** to build resistance

Become a Beauty Specialist
EARN WHILE YOU LEARN
In spare time, many are learning to become beauty specialists. This is a new and profitable business. You can learn to become a beauty specialist in a few weeks. You can learn to become a beauty specialist in a few weeks. You can learn to become a beauty specialist in a few weeks.

Good Auto Roads In West

System of Provincial Trunk Roads Now Being Rapidly Developed

A. W. Campbell, Dominion commissioner of highways, who has just returned to Ottawa from an inspection trip of roads in the western provinces covering some 2,000 miles of the 7,000 miles of federal-aided roads already built under the Canada Highways Act, expressed his pleasure with the character of construction.

Mr. Campbell also voiced the opinion that the recent meeting of the Canadian Good Roads convention at Edmonton, attended by some 650 delegates, was the most successful in the history of the organization.

His hope, he stated, for a proper connected system of provincial trunk roads, was being rapidly developed, and the connections established for a through trunk highway system from coast to coast were even more substantial than the United States through line of roads.

The tax on gasoline, said Mr. Campbell, was acceptable where the revenue was applied to road improvement. This tax, from two cents per gallon to the United States maximum of five cents, might, he thought, be accepted in every province with the provision that the receipts be entirely devoted to road improvement and maintenance. Last year, he stated, motorists contributed, through payment of gasoline tax, over \$4,000,000 towards road improvement. Motorists, he declared, do not object to this or even a higher contribution when satisfied that the total tax collection on gasoline was spent on roads and their upkeep.

Airmen Making Experiments

Powerful Searchlights Playing Over London Recall War Days

Memories of the grim days of war air raids have been recalled to Londoners who have watched the play of searchlight beams searing the night sky.

From the Biggin Hill aerodrome, Kent, members of the 3rd Anti-Aircraft Battalion have been making searchlight experiments in collaboration with a squadron of the Royal Air Force from Andover.

They have been testing a new and powerful searchlight in an effort to pick out a great R.A.F. bomber roaring in the sky above London.

The big bomber, flying at a height of 20,000 feet, had the advantage in most of the tests.

An Oil without Alcohol.—Some oils and many medicines have alcohol as a prominent ingredient. A judicious mingling of six essential oils compose Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, and there is no alcohol in it, so that its effects are lasting.

First Parly.—"Things certainly moved swiftly for old Johnston; the doctor was there only once, and that was the end of it."

Second Parly.—"Yes, it's remarkable what progress medical science has made lately!"

Are You Nervous? Weak? Why Wait For A Complete Breakdown?



—The Shaw Studio

Hamilton, Ont.—"I had become very much run-down in health, was in a nervous state and grew very weak. But by the time I had taken about three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription I was feeling well and strong. It restored my nerves and built me up to a good healthy state. I think the 'Favorite Prescription' is the greatest nerve tonic that any woman can take."—Mrs. Margaret Butt, 102 Cathart St. Sold by dealers, in both fluid and tablet form; or send 10c for trial pkg. tablets to Dr. Pierce's Laboratory in Bridgeburg, Ontario.

Britain To See Eclipse

Already Getting Excited Over Next Year's Big Event

Next June the track of the total eclipse of the sun will cross England from Southampton to West Hartlepool, the first total eclipse path to cross England since 1715 and 1724, and the last for at least 200 years more, according to Prof. H. T. Funnell, F.R.S., professor of astronomy at Oxford University.

The eclipse occurs on June 29 and, for observers in England, begins shortly after the sun has risen. Totally, when the moon completely obscures the sun, occurs about 5.30 a.m. The duration of totality will be about 25 seconds. From England the eclipse crosses the North Sea, and then north over Norway. In the northern part last night about 45 seconds. Then the path leaves the northern coast of Norway, crosses the Arctic Ocean, north-eastern Siberia, and finally the Aleutian Islands, ending just south of them, where the sun sets half eclipsed.

Most of the astronomers who observe the eclipse for scientific purposes will probably go to Norway to take advantage of the extra length of totality.

To Relieve Catarrh Catarrhal Deafness And Head Noises

If you have catarrh, or catarrhal deafness, and have buzzing, ringing noises in your head—don't waste time with unknown, unreliable medicines, but go now to your nearest druggist and ask for an inexpensive package of Gecco Wormwood Balm.

No atomizers, no syringes and nothing to take internally—you simply apply a little of this balm, fragrant with right into your nostrils, and then come sweet relief. Clogged nostrils quickly open up, breathing is easier, head noises vanish and the annoying mucus stops dropping into the throat. This is a simple, pleasant and inexpensive home treatment that anyone bothered by catarrh or catarrhal deafness should give a good trial at once. All good druggists—at trifling cost.

Buying On Instalment Plan

U.S. People Have Mortgaged Incomes to The Extent of Six Billions

The American people mortgaged their future incomes to the extent of more than \$6,000,000,000 during the past year through the instalment selling system, according to a report made to the administrative committee of the American Bankers' association at the close of the 52nd national convention at Los Angeles.

The report pointed out the dangers that would result from the steadily increasing instalment burden in the case of an industrial depression.

Women and Asthma. Women are numbered among the sufferers from asthma by the countless thousands. In every climate they will be found, helpless in the grip of this relentless disease unless they have availed themselves of the proper remedy. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has brought new hope and life to many such Testimonials, sent entirely without solicitation, show the enormous benefit it has wrought among women everywhere.

Property In Dawson Valuable

Quantities of Gold Dust Found on Site of Old Building

The roaring, swashbuckling days of Dawson's gold rush live only in the memories of the old timers, but the follies of the boom years, when thousands flocked there in quest of buried riches, are beginning to bear a golden harvest.

Gold dust was the camp's only medium of exchange in those days. It was plentiful and flowed freely and carelessly across the bars of dance halls and saloons.

Some of the old palaces of merriment have been torn down for fuel by the dwindling contingent of prospectors who remain here.

Discovery that liberal quantities of gold dust mingled with the soil beneath the decaying buildings has made the property on which the old resorts stand valuable. It was gold which long ago had been heedlessly spilled across the bars in moments of abandon and which had found its way through cracks of the rough hewn floors.

Physicians say that raw vegetables such as celery, lettuce, tomatoes or onions should appear regularly on the bill of fare.

A noted lecturer announces his retirement from the platform due to his recent marriage. He will now pose as the audience.

It is easier to tell how a thing ought to be done than to make good when you try it yourself.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Holloway's Corn Remover at hand remove them.

There is a yellow streak in humanity that makes it want to blame all its troubles on others.

For all pains—Minard's Liniment.

Make Your Own SOAP and Save Money!

All you need is waste fats and

GILLETT'S PURE FLAKE LYE

Full Directions With Every Can

YOUR GROCER SELLS IT!



Jugo-Slavia King Works Hard

Youthful Monarch Has No Time For Entertainment

King Alexander of Jugo-Slavia is among the hardest-working sovereigns in the world.

The young Slav ruler usually rises at five in the morning, and works at affairs of state until late at night. He sees on an average of three cabinet ministers, six generals, several diplomats, and numberless private persons each day. He gives no time to receptions, entertainments or banquets. He believes a king ought to work as hard as the humblest citizen.

There is actually no court life at Belgrade. The youthful monarch of the Trifno Kingdom of Serbs, Croates and Slovenes gives most of his time to the nation's business. He does not merely consult the cabinet ministers and heads of departments on State policy, but gives them orders and advice. No move of any importance is ever made by the cabinet without his approval.

Alexander has no diversions. He never goes to the theatre, opera or races. The things that usually attract kings do not interest him. Music and long walks through the countryside are his only distractions.

Italy Bans Everything Foreign

People Greatly Concerned Over Measures Adopted By Mussolini

Public opinion is increasingly concerned with the measures adopted in Italy against foreigners.

Not only are foreign tourists to Italy subjected to many minor annoyances, but it is now announced that a ban is to be laid on foreign actors, variety artists, and even foreign plays in Italy.

Mussolini is also determined to clear the Italian stage of English and German plays.

"Hamlet" may be played on the stages of half the world, but the works of Shakespeare, Bernard Shaw, Oscar Wilde, Milne and O'Neill are to be banned from the board of Italian theatres as surely as those of Moliere, Brieux, Rostand, or Maeterlinck.

Manitoba Crop Average Increases

Between the years 1921 and 1926, the acreage sown to the principal field crops for Manitoba increased from 5,664,988 to 6,112,845, according to a report issued by the Federal Department of Agriculture. Spring wheat, fall wheat and rye show decreases in acreage, which are more than offset by the increases registered by flax and barley.

The buzzing of a common house-fly has a distinct musical quality the vibration of the wings producing the note F.

Sneezing?

The sign of a coming cold. Batho the feet in Minard's and hot water. Also inhale.



FARMS WANTED FOR CASH buyers. Write J. Hargrave, Curry Bldg., Winnipeg.

CONSTIPATION

A cause of many ills. Harmful to elderly people. Get relief without gripping or nausea with Chamberlain's Tablets. Set your liver right—75c

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Waterways of Prairie Provinces Of Great Commercial Importance In the Early Days of the West

The waterways of the prairie provinces have little commercial importance in the transportation systems of today. They are, however, points out the Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, rich in the romance of history. The earliest explorers to reach the prairies came by canoe. The rapidly expanding fur trade soon created activity along the many water routes embraced within the limits of the province and made famous by two centuries of use by canoe, York boat and scow. The Assiniboine, Qu'Appelle and Souris, with Manitoba's famous Red River, were for long years the highways of commerce and discovery for the adventurers of New France, who came by way of Lake Superior, or the traders of the Hudson's Bay Company striking in from York Factory, both anxious to outdo the other in securing the posts of the prairies or gaining a foothold in the valley of the Missouri. The mighty Saskatchewan, most famous of all, and which gives its name to this province, is the outstanding river of the prairies of Canada. Two main branches, the north and the south, which with their tributaries constitute the entire drainage of three hundred miles of the eastern slope of the Rocky mountains, unite below Prince Albert and enter Lake Winnipeg.

For many years the Canadian Pacific was the only railway at Western Canada, and as it crossed the south in parts of the prairies, the Saskatchewan river became the highway for the north. Flat-bottomed, stern-wheeled river boats plied regularly the waters of the main branch from Grand Rapids at Lake Winnipeg to Prince Albert, Battleford, Fort Pitt (now in ruins), and even up to Edmonton. In the adjoining province of Alberta, the south branch was also navigated past the present city of Saskatoon, around the "big bend," and up to the forks of the Red River, at the western boundary of the province, and sometimes beyond as far as Medicine Hat. Like the historic boats of the Mississippi, those of the Saskatchewan have almost disappeared, as the more speedy overland routes have encroached on their territory. The Battle, Carleton and Torch rivers are tributaries now chiefly used in rafting logs to the mills.

Another famous waterway is the Churchill river, colossal in size, for many years was transported by this route. The Athabasca brigades, paddling up the Clearwater and packing their burdens across the Methye, or "long" portage, followed this famous route to Hudson Bay. It is a decidedly picturesque route. Unlike the Saskatchewan which retains its uniformity throughout, the Churchill becomes a series of crystal lakes, nestled among hills of granite, dotted with myriads of beautiful islands, and connected by short stretches of river proper. These readily contain rapids and falls, which compel the voyagers to portage his canoe, and forbid the passage at any hazard of power boats. In place of the meadows and fertile valley of the Saskatchewan are found low swamps of spruce and tamarack, or rugged hills of upheaved rocks, partly bare and partly wooded with groves of jack-pine or clusters of birch.

Near the Saskatchewan-Manitoba boundary there is an alternative route, which the early traders usually traversed. Leaving the Churchill at Frog portage, the way lay nearly south, following a chain of lakes leading to the Sturgeon-wild river, thence by way of Anisk, Namew and Churchill lakes to their posts at The Pas, and allowed the English to reach this water at York Factory by way of Hayes river, their principal route.

The main tributary of the Churchill above Frog portage is the Beaver river, a swift flowing stream, heading near Lac in Beise, and flowing through a valley rich in timber and grazing lands. A short distance below the portage Reddeer river enters the Churchill, flowing southerly from the great lake whose name it bears.

The far northern waters of Saskatchewan offer the adventurer an interesting route leading from Reindeer lake on the east to Athabasca lake on the west by way of Wollaston, Hatchet and Black lakes, Black river and Fond du Lac. The Cree river enters Black lake from the south, while to the north a canoe route, broken by numerous portages, leads to the home of the Eskimo. In the great silent "barren lands." Though not of great commercial importance, these northern water routes offer unparalleled attractions to the lover of the great lone

land who seeks an opportunity to enjoy an outing far from the nerve-racking worries of his every-day duties.

Lake Athabasca is navigable for steamers. Steamboat communication is maintained from this lake to the end of steel at Waterways, on the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway, through the Athabasca and Clearwater rivers.

Cannot Explain Phenomena

Area in B.C. Where Vegetation Attains Enormous Proportions

A region on Vancouver Island where men "get marvellous" complexions, a sort of rare fairness," is described by Francis Dieke, the author, who has spent many years collecting data on the wonders of this part of the Pacific coast.

"This marvel," he says, "is easily explained by the possibility of a solution of arsenic in the water. There is another spot on the west coast of Vancouver Island where dead matter such as fish and meat, does not decay when thrown upon the ground. This apparent miracle has also probably a chemical explanation.

"Again, in another part, the vegetation attains enormous proportions, with peas growing to the size of marbles, and the wild berries large in proportion. In this same region, on the Brooks peninsula, are to be found a whole forest of hemlock trees with abnormal branches; the branches grow thickest towards the ends, and then give off clusters of root-like little branches. The explanation of this phenomena has yet to be volunteered.

Corn In Western Canada

Acres to Corn Increased by Over 400 Per Cent in Ten Years

Greater interest than ever is being taken in the production of corn in the prairie provinces. According to a preliminary estimate of the Canadian Government Bureau of Statistics there were 173,690 acres planted to corn in the Prairie Provinces—Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta—in 1926, an increase of 7,380 acres over last year. The progress which has been made in corn growing in the Prairie Provinces has been remarkable. Ten years ago Manitoba had only 9,330 acres planted to corn, yielding 27,000 tons; Saskatchewan, 2,253 acres, yielding 5,200 tons; and Alberta, 675 acres, yielding 1,700 tons; a total acreage of 12,258 acres and a total yield of 34,600 tons for the three provinces. The acreage planted to corn in the Prairie Provinces has in the decade increased by over 400 per cent.

Wheat is being produced commercially 700 miles north of the international line and corn is already a recognized crop 250 miles north of the United States border, with its sphere steadily extending.

History In Far North

Seeking to Determine Evidence of Norse Settlements in Labrador

We speak of Arctic "wastes," but the word is hardly appropriate. The far north teems with life. Its brief summer gets flowers blooming on the edge of the ice fields. And it has its appeal for the archeologist as well as for the cartographer and the naturalist. Along with the delimitation of lands newly discovered may go exploration to solve a riddle of history. That is work to which Donald H. MacMillan has been devoting himself. He has been seeking to determine whether or not there are evidences of Norse settlements in Labrador to supplement the undoubted evidences of the Greenland occupation. Further effort in this direction may add an interesting chapter to world history by showing what caused the disappearance of the Norsemen who are known to have been settled in Greenland for the space of several centuries.

Saskatchewan Livestock

Saskatchewan's livestock has an estimated value of \$135,112,000, while the value of livestock and livestock products for the year ending April 30, 1926, is given at \$168,000,000, according to a statement made by the Provincial Livestock Commissioner. There are approximately 1,177,599 head of horses and mules in the province; 1,500,000 head of cattle; 131,359 head of sheep and 610,973 head of swine.

Increase in Apple Shipment

Including all kinds of shipments from boxes to carload lots shipments of Canadian apples to European points this year will exceed by 50 per cent the exports of any previous year since the war. This is the estimate of J. H. Sutherland, general foreign agent of the Canadian Pacific Express

Annexing More Territory

Holland Wages Constant Battle With Sea and Land Is Being Reclaimed

Holland, or the Netherlands, has long been a classic example of what can be achieved by unceasing industry and thrift. Much of the country has been reclaimed from the sea and required the protection of the famous dykes before it could be turned to profitable account. Nor have the Dutch people been content to wage a constant battle with the waves in order to hold what has been gained. Soon they will acquire a new province by force of arms, but no European chancellery will dispute the Dutch method of acquiring it. For it will be wrested not from some weaker state, but from Father Neptune's undersea domain.

Holland has had its own irredentist region since the twelfth century. That expanse of salt water about eighty-five miles long and from ten to forty-five miles broad, known as the Zuider Zee, was once dry except for a small inland lake. Throughout the eleventh and twelfth centuries the sea kept cutting at it, gales kept blowing its loose, sandy soil away, and the whole topography of the country was altered.

Year after year with the skill, determination and patience characteristic of their race the Dutch have been fighting to regain their lost territory, foot by foot, inch by inch. Engineering operations of great complexity have been carried through to reclaim it. Great dykes have been constructed, altered, repaired and reinforced. In the main the effort has been successful, but the sea is an enemy that never wearys and never becomes discouraged, and often in a few hours of rage it has been able to undo human achievements that cost heavy toil and much treasure.

The area to be reclaimed amounts to more than half a million acres, and is expected to provide support for fully half a million individuals. In a country so thickly populated as the Netherlands this is of considerable importance, fully justifying the expenditures involved.

How long it will take to finish the job cannot be foretold. It may take twenty years longer. The Dutch are not greatly worried about that. The Zuider Zee was not made into a week-end, nor is it to be made swiftly.

Shoe Industry For Edmonton

Edmonton will soon have another industry added to its lists. It is expected that the Universal Shoe Manufacturing Company will commence making shoes sometime during October. The initial output will be approximately three hundred pairs daily, and it is reported that when operations are properly under way a tannery and a harness-making plant will be added.

Test Was Satisfactory

As a means of testing the packing of eggs, a crate full of eggs packed in regulation crates was allowed to fall from a plane 1,200 feet in the air, but not an egg was broken. A parachute was used in this test, but a crate dropped 110 feet without a parachute sustained the impact so well that only nine of thirty dozen were broken.

Canadian Farmers Out To Win

Will Try To Annex Grand Championship For Wheat at Chicago Grain Show

Encouraged by good crops and former successes, farmers from Western Canada will make a special effort toward sweeping the honors at the International Live Stock, Grain and Hay Show at Chicago next December.

Farmers in the Canadian West have been so much in the habit of carrying off the Grand Championship for wheat at the International that it was a sad blow last year when the coveted prize went to L. P. Yates, of Elsthill, Montana. They are out this year to win their laurels back again. The world's wheat prize has been won by Canada 13 out of the 15 times it has been competed for.

Each of the Provincial Governments of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, is offering supplementary cash prizes to winners from the province with a special honorarium of \$150 for a champion and \$100 for a first prize. Entries of horses and other live stock are being made from all the three prairie provinces and will include the famous string of champion horses from the University of Saskatchewan that carried off the most coveted honors last year. Numbers of exhibits of wheat, barley, oats, flax, grass seed and peas are to be entered. The expenses of shipping the entries from Western Canada to Chicago are paid by the Provincial Governments.

J. C. Mitchell of Dalhousie, Saskatchewan, three times winner of the world's wheat championship, is expected to be among the Canadian contestants again this year. He did not compete in 1925.

The world's wheat prize was won last year by L. P. Yates, with a sample of Marquis wheat, a variety that had its origin at the Canadian Government Experimental Farm at Ottawa in 1904. It is now the most popular hard red spring wheat grown, representing 29 per cent of the wheat crop of Canada and 60 per cent of the spring wheat grown in the United States.

The most notable exhibitor from Canada at the International Show will be H.R.H. the Prince of Wales with entries of pure bred cattle from his ranch at Pekisko, Alberta.

May Inaugurate Flying Service Of Physicians

Australia Considering Scheme to Serve Remote Bush Areas

Australia may be the first country in the world to inaugurate a flying service of physicians and dentists.

The National Commission on Health is considering a scheme by which airplane mail lines could help to bring rapid medical aid to any one dangerously ill in the remote bush areas.

The Australian Inland Mission of the League of Red Cross Societies is seeking to install a simple, standard type of wireless apparatus that may be worked effectively by the uninitiated in radio, so that aid may be signalled for.

The gross area of the United States is 3,026,789 square miles.

Captain Bernier Has Great Faith In Future of the North Country And Value of Hudson Bay R.y.

An Aid To Cultivation

Wireless Has Brought Remarkable Results to English Gardener

There is an allotment at West Bridgford, two miles southeast of Nottingham, England, where tomato plants are giving tremendous yields, out of all proportion to any others in the locality, where hollyhocks laden with giant blooms, are approaching ten feet in height, and where sweet peas are so prolific that they are the wonder of the district says "The London Mail."

The owner, William Boot, who is the rolling stock superintendent of the Nottingham Corporation Tramways, attributes it to the fact that by chance last year he fixed copper wires, accidentally insulating them, on which to train his tomato plants. To his astonishment these plants made vigorous growth and the fruit ripening white that on the plants of other growers was still green.

Searching for the cause, he said, he came to the conclusion that he had by insulating his copper training wires, brought wireless to his aid in cultivation. When he developed this theory by fixing miniature wireless aerials, properly insulated over other growing plants he found confirmation of his theory in the results.

The aerials stimulated growth in a manner which leaves all other fertilizers behind. Whether the proximity of the Nottingham broadcasting station has anything to do with Mr. Boot's remarkable results has yet to be determined.

Queerest Dog Show Held In England

Only Worst Looking Mongrels Stood Chance of Winning Prize

One of the queerest dog shows surely ever to be held, took place at the charming little township of Porlock in Somersetshire, England. The prizes were solely for the worst specimens of the doggy race which the exhibitors could produce. The exhibitors certainly did their best to get into the front row. So prizes were awarded for the:

- Ugliest dog.
- Dog with the most spots.
- Dog with the shortest nose.
- Dog with the bandiest legs.
- Dog with the largest mouth.
- Dog with the most sympathetic eyes.
- No superior nose-in-the-air thoroughbreds were allowed to take part in the show. The worse the mongrel the better his or her chance for winning a prize. Badness became a recognized virtue, and features at which an ordinary show judge would have held up his hands in horror induced the judge to beam with satisfaction, to pat the exhibit on the head and to award it a prize.

The competition was promoted by Cecil Aldin, the well-known horse and dog artist.

Wheat Pool Membership

Over Ten Million Acres Now Under Contract in Saskatchewan

A report issued by the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool under date of September 24th, shows that 1,973 new wheat contracts covering 670,161 acres have been signed since June 11th, 1926, bringing the membership of the Wheat Pool to 77,547 and the total acreage under contract is now well over ten million acres. During the same period 1,449 new contracts were signed for the Cereals Grain Pool bringing its membership up to 37,052 and the acreage under contract, barley, flax and rye to a total of over 2,600,000.

The Saskatchewan Wheat Pool now has 575 country elevators in operation and it is proposed to build 35 others during the season, six of which are already under construction. In one day during September the pool elevators in Saskatchewan handled nearly 1,500,000 bushels of wheat.

Japanese Rulers Grow Their Own Vegetables

Gardens Occupy Many Acres and Include Several Hothouses

All the fruits and vegetables for the dining tables of the Emperor and Empress, Prince Regent and Princess Nagako, are grown in the Shijokin Palace gardens by expert gardeners and carefully inspected in order that no taint may be permitted to reach the Imperial stomachs.

The gardens occupy several acres and include a number of large hothouses. All varieties of vegetables are raised during the entire year. When the royal family is away on vacation, these special vegetables and hothouse flowers are sent to them daily in ice packed private cars.

Captain Bernier, for 22 years in the polar regions north of Canada in his trusty boat Arctic, which since 1904 has cruised hundreds of thousands of miles in the dangerous waters of Greenland, Labrador, Hudson's Bay, Baffin Land and similar regions, hasn't given up his faith in the future of the Hudson's Bay route to Europe.

"I believe it is the route of tomorrow," he told newspapermen in Toronto.

"It will be a great thing for the north country, if a railway goes in there and opens it up. I consider the Hudson's Bay railway, the Hudson's Bay route and the establishment of a port on the bay a matter that concerns the West utterly.

"The people of the West will use the railway, they will be the ones that will benefit from it. They should be the ones to decide on the building of a harbor.

"Nelson will take a lot of money to make into a satisfactory port," Captain Bernier went on. "Churchill is much better. At Churchill they can build their sea wall and on north end build a road so that it will stay. At Nelson they can only build on clay which means that they will have to put in a foundation first."

Captain Bernier has a profound faith in the future of the north country. He believes that there are vast resources in mineral and other wealth to be obtained by enterprise.

Asked as to his opinion about the length of the during which the Hudson's strait is open for navigation, Captain Bernier said: "For a boat which cannot encounter ice at all, the season is limited to three months. But for boats that are built like my own Arctic to stand a certain amount of bumping around, ice like the wharves, and so forth, a season of from four to five months ought to be possible."

Captain Bernier has now completed his 60th year at sea. "I have been a captain for 53 years," he said. "I was captain at 17—pretty young, eh?"

His one regret is that he was never able to make the North Pole expedition. He was all ready to set out in 1904, he says. He had provisions arranged for six years, and plans worked out to the minutest detail. But something came along that disrupted his schemes, and now he is afraid it is too late. "I wouldn't mind setting out now," he confided, "if I thought I could last long enough to carry it out successfully."

Captain Bernier has had the remarkable luck of cruising around in the dangerous north 22 years and never having a serious accident with his trusty ship. "In time, by watching the action of the ice, one comes to have a wonderful knowledge of it," he said. "The important thing for an explorer to learn is that he must work with nature. Even Amundsen, who has travelled so much in Arctic regions, has sometimes made the mistake of not calculating far enough ahead, and being sure he had natural forces working on his side."

Saskatchewan Creamery Butter

Reported Sixteen Per Cent Increase In Production Over Last Year

Production of creamery butter in Saskatchewan during August amounted to 2,282,192 lbs., as compared with 2,367,382 in the same month a year ago, according to a report issued by the Provincial Dairy Commissioner. The cumulative production for the first eight months of this year is 13,453,658 lbs., compared with 11,595,642 lbs., an increase of 16 per cent in the corresponding period of 1925.

Buttermakers of Saskatchewan were particularly successful with their exhibits at the Canadian National Exhibition at Toronto and the Central Canada Exhibition at Ottawa this year. At both exhibitions the prizes were awarded on the group system and Saskatchewan buttermakers were near the top of the list in practically every class. At the Canadian National Show, Saskatchewan won 17 prizes, seven of which were firsts.

A Super Barometer

French physicians have invented a barometer that is eight times as sensitive as the ordinary instrument. The instrument can be carried by mountain climbers, the drop in temperature giving a more accurate estimate of the increase in altitude than the ordinary pocket aneroid.

An oil company in Mexico uses an airplane to transport its pay rolls thus felling bandits. More than \$25,000,000 has been carried safely.

Seven hundred men died in New York last year from poisoned liquor.

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WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Arthur Bligham Walkley, dramatist of The London Times, is dead. He was born at Bristol, December 17, 1855.

Luce and Bessie Medley, four-months' old "Siamese twins," died at a Minneapolis hospital, where they had been undergoing treatment when Luce contracted bronchial pneumonia.

Hungarian women may once more study to become doctors as the government has overruled the university senate's decision not to admit any more women medical students.

A whistle hanging from his belt with a bunch of keys deflected a burglar's bullet and probably saved the life of Frank A. Ryan, a policeman, during a gun fight in New York.

After 34 years, a postal order which had been kept in a vault at Belleville, was cashed recently. The order was found and taken to the post office, where authority for cashing it was obtained from Ottawa.

The Right Rev. Arthur Foley Winington Ingram, Bishop of London, believes in evolution, he told students at the University of Michigan in an address, adding that there is no conflict between science and religion.

A writ of habeas corpus returned George Desmarques, 22 months, to his mother after a Chicago hospital had held the child because Mrs. Margaret Desmarques was unable to pay a balance on a bill for the child's treatment.

Characterizing the Soviet regime in Russia as "the assassin standing over the prostrate body of freedom and democracy," the American Federation of Labor has renewed its pledge to give no quarter "to that regime of enslavement," or its friends and sympathizers in America.

Premier Mussolini seems to have fixed it so that no able-bodied males will emigrate to the United States. The Government announces that 16,000 women, wives of Italians now in the United States, will absorb the quotas for at least eight years.

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W. N. W. 1451

The Opportune Moment For Immigration Effort

By C. W. Peterson

It is clear as daylight that the psychological moment for a country to launch a comprehensive colonization campaign is when her agriculture has definitely entered the upward swing. Western history and the experience of those who have been in close touch with colonization work there, point unmistakably to the fact that failure on the land is the greatest obstacle to the efforts of the various agencies devoting time and money to furthering immigration into Canada. It is also a trite saying, but in strict accordance with the truth, that the successful settler is our most effective colonization agent. Common sense upholds both of these assertions. Canada can now with confidence enter the field with a vigorous effort to largely augment her producing population and with the added assurance that in no period of her history were the opportunities more favorable for getting the fullest possible value for her expenditure on that object.

The time is favorable for a great, forward looking colonization and agricultural development policy, because agriculture is undoubtedly now in the process of entering an era of greater prosperity. It is estimated that there is a total world area of 13 million acres of arable lands and that it takes the products of 2½ acres to sustain each head of population. This would provide the bare necessities of life for 5,200 million people. It is estimated that with the present rate of increase this number would be reached well within a century, so that babies now born would witness the struggle of mankind for bare existence or wholesale starvation in years of extended crop failure. Of course, such a calamity will be averted. The present world-wide decrease in birth rate is nature's corrective.

Agriculture the world over has developed through the crude, ruthless directive agency of the law of supply and demand. The farmers have, in obedience to this law, for several decades suffered through demoralized prices due to an over-supply of agricultural products. But the reaction is now upon us—the pendulum is swinging the other way, and we have definitely entered an era when food products of all kinds will command a premium in the world's markets. It would be absurd to argue that in the face of constantly rising commodity prices, which will be maintained through the organization of industrial labor, prices of the basic necessities of life should decrease. I repeat that agricultural returns for the coming half century will rise to an increasingly satisfactory level. This tendency is well on the way even now.

This prediction is not visionary. It has a definite, historical background. Wheat, Canada's great staple export, is, more or less, the controlling factor in all agricultural prices. The comparatively low wheat prices that have prevailed until the last couple of years cannot be regarded as in any way normal. Canada now enjoys a virtual monopoly of the sole remaining, undeveloped hard wheat areas. Our wheat should, and presumably will, command a considerable premium in the world's market. Europe consumes about 600 million bushels of imported wheat annually. She now produces 50 per cent of the entire world wheat crop. About 2 billion bushels. She imports only about 35 per cent, consequently, the European peasant virtually is the controlling factor in world wheat prices. Because every bushel of overseas wheat placed on the world's bargain counter, two bushels of European wheat must be sacrificed, and there is a very distinct limit to the ability of the European peasant to sell his products below cost. He must turn his attention to something else, which he will do and prices will go up. Aside from the economies of the wheat situation, there is nothing in history to warrant the belief that prices will not remain permanently on the satisfactory basis of the last two years, which will ensure reasonable agricultural prosperity to Canada for years to come.

Germany Will Participate
Germany will participate and have official representation in the world's poultry congress, which will be held in Ottawa in 1927. This information has been cabled to the local committee by Edward Brown, congress president.

A Scottish professor was left a widower in his old age. Not very long afterwards he suddenly announced his intention of marrying again, half apologetically adding "I never would have thought of it, if Lizzie hadn't died."

Hunter—I'm so sorry I shot your husband on that hunting trip. You see, I took him for an old bear. Widow—That's all right—he was.—Town Topics.



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Different And Modish

The new silhouette finds graceful expression in this frock of mohr, which is narrowly belted in attractive fashion. The collar may be worn closed, or open in V-neck style, while gathers at the shoulders provide soft fullness over the bust. The skirt front shows a slight flare, and the full sleeves are gathered into cuffs. No. 1222 is for the miss and small woman, and is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 (36 bust) requires 4½ yards 36-inch material; 1 yard ribbon. 20 cents.

Our Fashion Book, illustrating the newest and most practical styles, will be of interest to every home dressmaker. Price of book 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

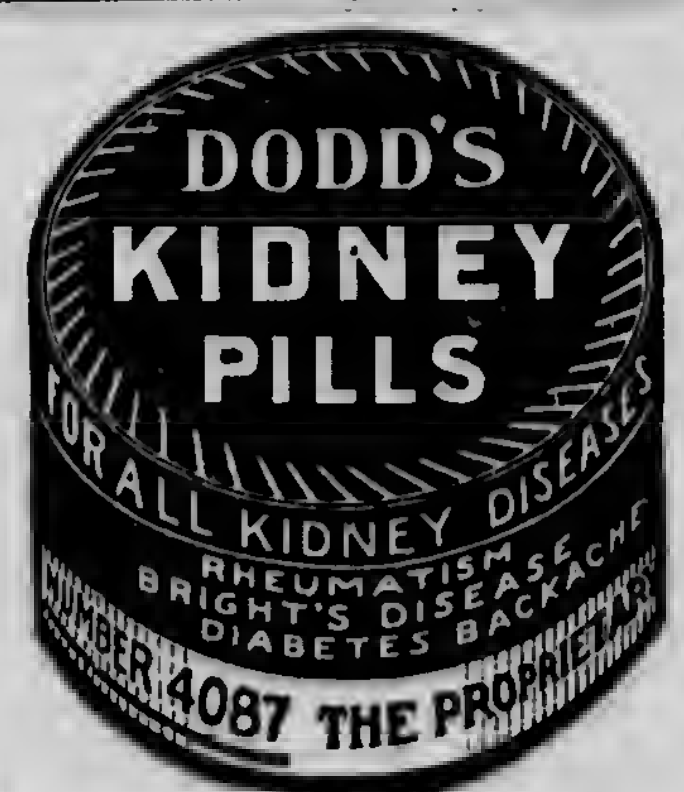
Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union,
175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. _____ Size _____

Name _____

Town _____

Fuel is now being made from radish seeds from which the oil has been extracted.



Is Good Quarry Manager

British Woman Says It Is Very Fascinating Occupation

Mrs. Anne Greaves is Britain's only woman quarry manager.

"It may seem that quarrying is a strange business for a woman, but why shouldn't women run quarries?" asked Mrs. Greaves. "Of course I have a foreman and plenty of men workers to assist me, but I go into the quarries myself and inspect the seams and direct the methods to be used in getting out the sand and gravel. Stone has become so expensive that I have developed a plant which makes artificial stone and is doing a good business. I find quarrying is a very fascinating occupation."

Issues Appeal To Statesmen

Sir Oliver Lodge Urges Curbing of Production of War Implements

An "epoch of danger," in which he claims the world is living, has caused Sir Oliver to issue an appeal to world statesmen to curb the international tendency to produce instruments of destruction.

"Aerial locomotion presents possibilities of overwhelming entire cities in vast destruction," the veteran scientist and leader in spiritualistic research, said in a speech.

"It threatens a return to the old days, when populations, women, children, even oxen and asses were exterminated."

Prussians Eating Horse Meat

Not From Choice But Economic Conditions Make It Necessary

More horse meat is being eaten in Prussia today than at any other time in history, not excluding the war period when horses were slaughtered because there was little other meat available.

The Ministry of Agriculture reports that the increased consumption is not due to a great relish for horse steaks, but to distressing economic conditions. The consumption of horse flesh increased 20 per cent this year over the corresponding period in 1925.

A Youthful Cabinet

Present One Is Youngest of Any Since Confederation

An Ottawa writer asserts that the King cabinet is the youngest Canadian cabinet since Confederation. That is, the ages of its eighteen members average less than those of any other. The average is 52 years, the age of the premier, Mr. Robb is the oldest minister and he is no patriarch, being only 67. The baby of the cabinet is Lucien Cannon, 39. Mr. Cannon is three years older than Sir Wilfrid Laurier was when he entered the Mackenzie cabinet in 1877, and six years older than Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper was when he entered the Macdonald cabinet in 1888.

New Air Line Opened

Planes Making Daily Trips From Berlin to London

The first daily air service between Berlin and London started Oct. 15. It will be operated by the German Luft-hansa line, the planes of which are now flying between Berlin and Amsterdam and which continue to Croydon outside of London. The British service to Amsterdam, which has been unprofitable will be discontinued. The only previous air service between London and Berlin was for a few months in 1923 when British planes maintained a tri-weekly service.

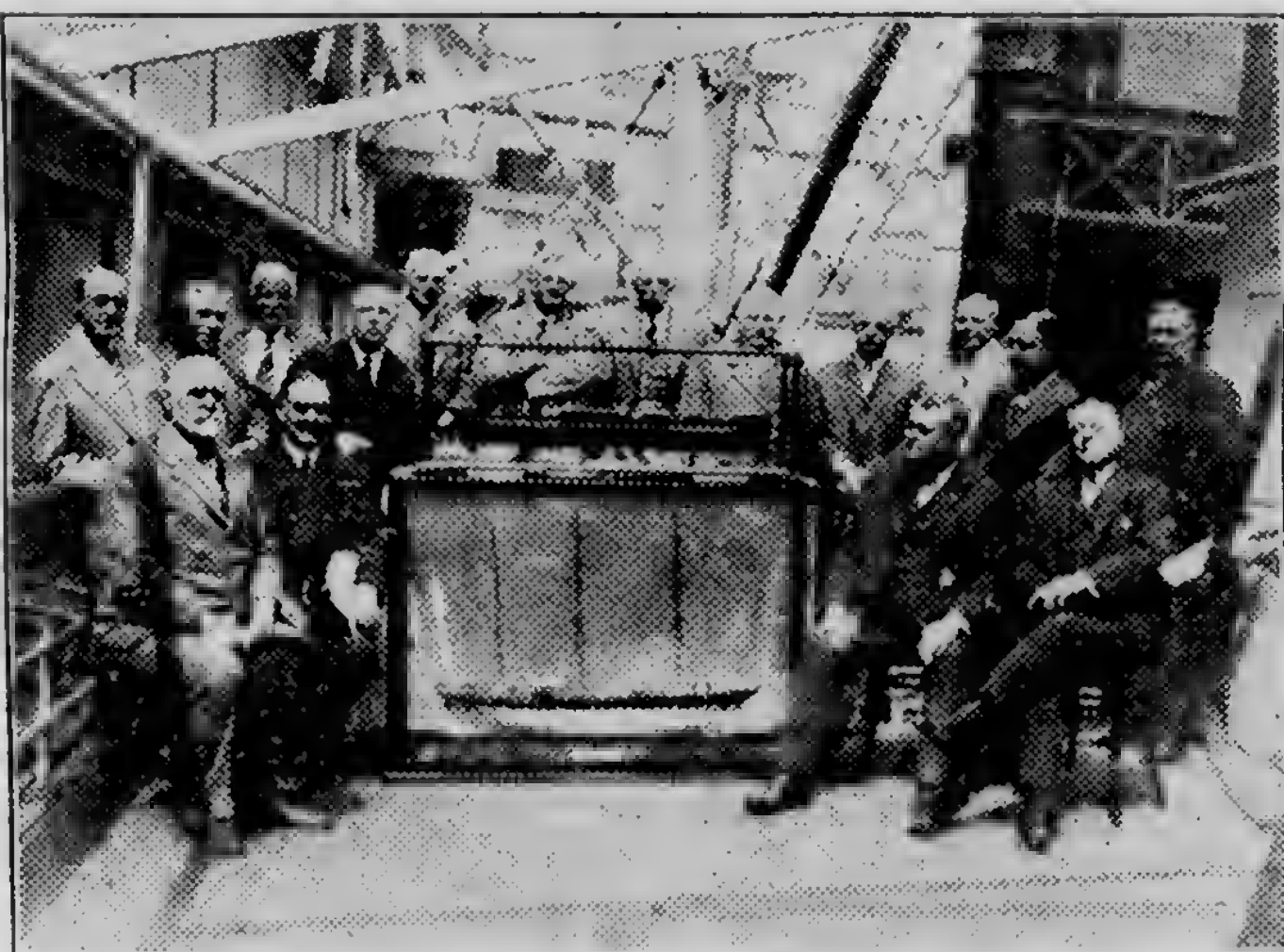
Of the numerous Egyptian sphinxes the most celebrated and remarkable is the Great Sphinx of Gizeh. The figure is taken to represent Harmachis a form of the sun god.

New Plutocrat (to manager)—"Here what kind of a waiter's this you've given me? 'E drew the cork o' that champagne so quiet there wasn't 'alf-a-dozen people in the room as noticed it."

The longest railway tunnel in the world is the Simplon, in Switzerland and Italy. It is 12 miles, 458 yards long.

People who wear paste jewels have a right to be stuck up.

Notable Vessels Of Former Days



Montreal shipping men were reminded of the old days when Montreal harbor was filled with sailing vessels and timber ships, when a model of the good barque Snowdrop was presented to the Navy League of Canada on the Cairn-Thompson freighter, Cairnterr, by the Cairn Line of Steamships, Limited. This model, together with a smaller one of the Cairnterr, was formally given to the Navy League's president, Mr. Sam Harris, by Col. W. L. Gear, vice-president of the Robert Reford Co., Limited.

The presentation took place on July 27th and attending it were many well-known shipping men and members of the League. Among the guests were Dr. Milton Hersey, Mr. T. W. Harvie, Mr. T. E. Trille, Captain Symonds, Captain Millett, of the Port of London Authority, who was visiting the Port of Montreal; Captain Brown, and other commissioners and port wardens as well as members of the Press and officials of the Robert Reford Co.

In the presentation address Col. Gear outlined the growth of Canada export and trade and showed how the Cairn line, owners of the Thompson line, had consistently kept in mind the requirements of the Canadian trade. Every new requirement was made adequately in the latest improvements on each freighter. He reminded his audience that the Cairn line of steamships was the first to introduce refrigeration in the Canadian trade, and from the position of pioneers in cold storage facilities on board ship, had maintained a foremost place in the realm of ocean freight transportation.

Col. Gear reminded his guests of the difficulties under which shipowners in England were operating their lines when he instanced the fact that the Cairnterr, in order to be able to make the trip to Montreal, had been compelled to proceed to Hamburg to fill her coal bunkers. Since the beginning of the strike in May, it had been difficult to secure sufficient coal in British ports.

In presenting the models to Mr. Harris he stated they were built by the builders of the ship they were standing on—the Cairnterr, and presented to the League as mark of courtesy and recognition of the excellent work of that organization. The Snowdrop was formerly popular on the St. Lawrence, and for many years carried timber between Quebec and Sunderland. The Cairnterr, the other model, was lost by enemy action during the war.

Mr. Sam Harris replied on behalf of the Navy League of Canada, whose aims and objects he outlined. The models, he stated, would admirably serve to remind Canadians of their debt to the British Navy and Merchant seamen, and keep before them in the strongest fashion the value of sea safety. Among the many useful activities of the League, he said, was the maintenance of Sea Cadets, who were trained for a life at sea and other occupations under their auspices. In the summer they were provided with camping facilities.

Funds had been raised to build headquarters for The League containing a museum, in which models such as the present ones, and relics of the historic past, might be displayed to the public and to the sea cadets.



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Baby's Welfare

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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

OCTOBER 24

JOSHUA, ISRAEL'S NEW LEADER

Golden Text: Be strong and of good courage; . . . for Jehovah thy God is with thee whithersoever thou goest. Joshua, 1:9.

Lesson: Numbers, 27:18-20, Joshua, 1:9.

Devotional Reading: Proverbs, 2:1-5.

Explanations and Comments

1. Joshua Appointed the Successor of Moses; Numbers 27:18-20.—Every prophet had an attendant, and Joshua had been the attendant of Moses. We have heard about him in Ex. 17:8-14; 18:9; 24:13; 32:17; 33:11; Num. 11:28; 12:16; 14:6-9; 27:18; 31:7; Dt. 1:38; 3:28; 34:9. As he was one of the spies sent into Canaan from Kadesh thirty-eight years before this, he must have been at least sixty years old when Moses died. He was a trained military leader, just the man that was needed to direct the Israelites in their conquest of Canaan, and when Moses was about to lay down his command he anointed Joshua as his successor. The new leader's outstanding characteristics was this, he was a man in whom was the Spirit, qualified to carry out God's will. It is interesting to recall that the name "Jesus" is but the later form of the name "Joshua."

"When a man and woman have the Spirit, God's work can be done. We can get on without learning, we can get on without inspiration. A man with one talent and the Spirit can do infinitely more than a man with ten talents without it. A frail wire, plus the electric current, can do more than massive cables without it. And yet we go on multiplying our wives and neglecting the current. We pile up organizations, and neglect the Spirit. That is the first thing God looked for; for it is the prime necessity of a powerful and efficient life." (Dr. J. H. Jowett).

Fourteen per cent of the students in women's colleges work their way through school, a survey indicates.

Bladder Weakness Remedied by Gin Pills

Buffalo man recommends them for kidney and bladder trouble

Gin Pills bring you quick relief from urinary and bladder troubles. They soothe the kidneys and bladder and get rid of that burning sensation; the frequent desire to urinate is overcome; brick dust deposits disappear. You can again enjoy comfort by day and sound sleep by night. Thousands of people are relieved of bladder and kidney troubles every year. Read what George F. Doetterl, Buffalo, N.Y., says of Gin Pills:

"I suffered from bladder weakness and frequent urination. I had tried other kidney remedies, but got no relief. Advised to take Gin Pills, I did so, and after taking half a box noticed much improvement. I can sincerely recommend these pills to anyone suffering from kidney and bladder derangement."

If you have headaches, backache, uric acid, pain in the kidneys, dizziness, frequent urination or swollen joints, Gin Pills will correct them. 50c a box at all druggists. The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Canada.

Blazing Ship Spreads Death And Destruction On River In China

SHANGHAI.—A blazing troopship, laden with munitions, drifted yesterday, an inferno of death for 1,200 Chinese soldiers, as it showered missiles in all directions upon the city of Kiangling and upon ships in the Yangtze River. The ship was the Kuany Yang, transporting 1,500 soldiers of Marshal Chuan-Ping, ruler of Eastern China.

Only 300 of the soldiers escaped death by flame, shot or drowning. The ship took fire while anchored before Kiangling, the flames being thrown throughout the vessel almost immediately by the explosion of its deadly cargo.

Loosed from its anchorage by the flames, the Kuany Yang drifted uncontrolled against other ships in the stream. Its exploding war cargo hurled missiles upon them and killing many.

Vainly seeking escape by small boats from the blazing ship and maddened by its exploding munitions, the Chinese soldiers aboard the Kuany Yang became panic-stricken as they were struck with fire and shells. Many, unable to swim, plunged overboard in desperation and were drowned in the broad Yangtze.

Drifting past Kiangling, the Kuany Yang hurled shells upon the city, causing considerable loss of life and property damage.

Below the city, the vessel grounded upon a mud bank and burned to the water's edge. She was of 3,000 tons, and belonged to the China Merchant Navigation Company. Her soldier passengers were to have been used in battle against the Cantonese invaders of Kiangsi province.

Noted English Scholar Dead

Dr. Abbott Was Most Famous Headmaster of City of London School. London.—Rev. Dr. Edwin Abbott, who was the most famous headmaster that the famous City of London School ever possessed and whose profound learning had an almost overpowering influence upon serious students of all ages, is dead after having been bedridden for seven years. He was in his 88th year.

Born in London and educated at the City of London School and Cambridge University, Dr. Abbott was assistant master of King Edward's School, Birmingham, and assistant master of the City of London School in 1865 and continued in this position until 1889. He was elected preacher at Oxford University in 1877. He was honorary fellow at St. John's College, Cambridge University, 1912, and fellow of the British Academy 1913.

Advertising Canadian Apples

Shunco.—For the use of the delegates attending the Imperial Conference in London, 100 boxes of snow apples have been shipped from here. It is believed Ontario is the only province using this method to advertise Canadian apples. They were sent under Provincial Government auspices.

No Coal From Alberta

Toronto.—The Ontario fuel controller has announced that Toronto will not get any quantity of Alberta coal delivered at \$11 a ton. The city is ordering coke to tide things over.

British-Italian Treaty Severely Criticized By Abyssinian Delegates

Geneva.—Declaring the Anglo-Italian treaty regarding spheres of economic influence in Abyssinia regards the past as a threat against its territorial integrity, which under article ten of the covenant, Great Britain and Italy are bound to respect, Ras Tafari in reply to the League of Nations note for further information has asked Secretary General Sir Eric Drummond to deposit in the league register the Abyssinian documents along with the Anglo-Italian treaty.

Repeating his previous arguments against the Anglo-Italian agreement, Ras Tafari says, "The Imperial Abyssinian government very naturally is troubled on learning that two great powers have come to an understanding on their course of action toward a friendly country, which with them is a member of the League of Nations without informing that country first. We interpret this as an indication of their intention to combine and exert economic advantages if the Imperial

government should consider that the interest of Abyssinia dictated that those advances should be withheld.

"As thus interpreted the Anglo-Italian pact is incompatible with the terms of the covenant, since it constitutes an indirect threat against the secular territorial integrity and the political independence of Abyssinia, which under article ten Great Britain and Italy have undertaken to respect.

"Our view is that under article twenty-five they had no right to contract such an agreement, but as they, of course, had no intention of violating that article their agreement could not have legal force; consequently it is null and void.

Ras Tafari then recapitulated Sir Austen Chamberlain's assurances in the House of Commons that there were no such motives, repeating directly the foreign minister's words that it was his intention to have Abyssinia's interpretation made part of the League of Nations' official treaty records.

Armistice Day

Thanksgiving and Armistice Day to be Observed on Monday, Nov. 8

Ottawa.—Thanksgiving and Armistice Day will be observed on Monday, November 8. The recent statute fixes this joint celebration on the Monday of the week in which November 11 occurs.

But a special observance has been requested for the actual day of Armistice. Hon. James A. Robb, acting Prime Minister, stated today that in accordance with the arrangements for Armistice Day, sanctioned by His Majesty the King, the people of Canada are invited to mark the occasion by two minutes of silence at 11 o'clock, Thursday morning, November 11. This is a special observance suggested by His Majesty and is in addition to the regular holiday recognized by the Parliament of Canada for the Monday previous.

Competitive Cable Rates

Would Establish Direct Service to Canada For British News

Ottawa.—"If the Governments of this Dominion and the United Kingdom would only see their way to establish a competitive rate on cables between London and this country, you would have to this country a direct service for British news," declared Sir Roderick Jones, chairman of Reuters' News Agency, in the course of an address before the Canadian Club.

The establishment of a competitive cable rate between London and Canada, which would enable a greater volume of British news to be brought to this country direct instead of by New York, would, stated Sir Roderick, be a fine act of public policy and a very beneficial one from an Imperial point of view.

Few Contests Expected

Generally Understood Many Ministers Will Be Declared Elected

Ottawa.—Writs for the by-elections of all the members of the cabinet have now been issued except one, the writ for North Bruce, where Hon. James Macdonald, Minister of Trade and Commerce, will stand for re-election, which has been delayed by the final count. It is quite possible the final returns in North Bruce will permit the by-election there November 16.

Generally, it is understood, the majority of the by-elections at least will not be contested and that the ministers will be declared elected on nomination day.

Importation of Arms Forbidden

Mexico City.—For the purpose of preventing arms and ammunition from reaching bandits, revolutionists and anti-government elements, President Calles issued a decree forbidding the importation of rifles, pistols and cartridges.

Missionaries Are Rescued

Peking.—Missionaries who were marooned in Shanxi, capital of Shensi province, held by National army units against the siege of General Liu's Shensi forces, have been rescued safely.

May Take Dispute To Higher Court

Alberta Act Fight May Go to Privy Council

Winnipeg.—The Ottawa correspondent of The Tribune says:

The Department of Justice is taking steps to proceed with the reference to the Supreme Court in regard to the constitutionality of the Alberta Autonomy Act insofar as it relates to school funds and school lands. The case, however, will not come up before the winter sittings of the court unless a special hearing is arranged meanwhile.

It is considered very improbable that the projected legislation returning to the province its natural resources will be proceeded with until the court decides on this question and if, as is possible, judgment is appealed to the Privy Council by one side or the other further delay would seem likely.

Governor-General At Work

Arrives at Office at Parliament Buildings Promptly at Eleven Each Morning

Ottawa.—The offices of His Excellency the governor-general in the east block of the parliament buildings are to be remodelled. Under Lord Byng's regime the offices were not used very much and most of the official business was carried on at Rideau Hall. Lord Willingdon appears at the east block promptly at eleven o'clock every morning and spends some time there signing orders-in-council and carrying on his executive work.

It is understood that while the offices are being demoged Lord Willingdon will use the prime minister's office, Hon. J. A. Robb, while acting prime minister, used his own office in the finance department in the same building.

United States Is Criticized

Pointed Placard Placed on Wall of League of Nations Building

Geneva.—Criticism of the United States was voiced in a placard which was found pasted on the marble slab in the wall of the League of Nations building which commemorates the memory of Woodrow Wilson as founder of the league.

The placard read: "In considering him as the founder of the League of Nations, President Wilson should be considered in a personal sense and not as president of the United States. The American people have done nothing to deserve that their president should be designated as the founder of the league."

May Sue Ex-Crown Prince

Property Belonging to State Was Removed From Hohenzollern Castles

Berlin.—Removal from Hohenzollern castles and palaces in Berlin of art works valued at from three to four million dollars, and their discovery later in the hands of a beat art dealer, may lead to prosecution of the former Crown Prince of Germany, according to press reports.

The property, which was supposed to belong to the state after the overthrow of the monarchy, includes the Watteau painting "The Dance," various Rubens paintings, porcelain vases and two marble vases which formerly belonged to Madame Pompadour.



To The Land of the "Midnight Sun"

Tourist traffic throughout the world has grown to such proportions that it is recognized as one of the greatest revenue producers in the world. And luxurious methods of travel have gone on apace. Bearing this out to a marked degree, was the Norwegian Cruise conducted this summer by the British and Continental Touring Club of London, which had under charter for the better part of a month, the Canadian Pacific liner Montroyal. When this private cruise through the fjords of Norway was organized, the directors of the club sought for a mode of travel whereby their members

Created a Viscount



LORD BYNG OF VIMY

London.—The Canadian Press has learned from an unofficial but authoritative source that Baron Byng of Vimy had been created Viscount.

The former governor-general of Canada was received by the king today and he and Lady Byng later had lunch with their majesties.

The retired governor-general, who is 61 years of age, was created the first Baron Byng of Vimy in 1915, choosing the title in commemoration of the exploits of the Canadians in capturing Vimy Ridge while under his leadership. He commanded the Canadian Army Corps in France for a year. Baron Byng holds many honors. He was made K.C.M.G. in 1915; K.C.B. in 1916; G.C.B. in 1919 and G.C.M.G. in 1921.

Solution For Canada's Population Problem

Providing For Youth Already Here Says Ontario's Farmers

Toronto.—The solution of Canada's population problems should be found not by expensive immigration schemes directed toward the South of Europe, but by providing opportunities for the youth already in the country and for selected ones prepared to emigrate from the Mother Land, Premier G. H. Ferguson declared in an address to the young men's section of the Young Men's Christian Association here.

"I do not think any boy is a delinquent," the Premier said. "Their errors are largely due to environment and can be corrected by providing improved surroundings."

Making Unique World Tour

Young Danish Sportsman is Making Journey on Bicycle

Sydney, Australia.—Karl Thornfeldt, a young Danish sportsman who is on a bicycle trip around the world, has arrived in Sydney.

From here he will continue his route by steamer to New Zealand and thence to South America with the intention of traversing the entire American continent from South to North on his wheel.

From the northern part of the United States or from Canada, Thornfeldt will proceed to England and from there back to Denmark.

Since starting from Copenhagen, over a year ago he has pedalled through Europe, China, Japan, and Java. He expects to finish his unique world tour in Copenhagen by 1928.

Asquith Relinquishes Leadership Of Liberal Party In Great Britain

May Accept New Appointment

Hon. A. P. McNab Offered Place on Saskatchewan Local Government Board

Saskatoon. Hon. A. P. McNab, senior member for Saskatoon City, Minister of Public Works, and cabinet minister of longest service in Saskatchewan, announced that he had been offered a place on the local government board in succession to Hon. G. A. Bell, chairman, whose retirement will possibly occur in the near future. Mr. McNab said he had been giving the offer consideration for a month and an announcement as to his decision will be made soon.

Should Mr. McNab resign his seat in the legislature, as will be necessary if he accepts the appointment to the local government board, it will necessitate a by-election in Saskatoon City, and will, for the time at least, leave this city without cabinet representation.

The other members of the Local Government Board are: S. P. Grosch, and J. N. Hayne, both of whom had from Southern Saskatchewan. There has been for years a feeling in Saskatoon and Northern Saskatchewan, that at least one member of the local government board should be from the northern half of the province.

Will Convene In December

Date of Sitting of B.C. Legislature Is Announced

Victoria. British Columbia Legislators will be summoned for the annual session December 16 and will then adjourn until January 10. These dates have been announced by Premier Oliver after they had received the final approval of the cabinet.

The proceedings of December 16 will last less than an hour, it is expected. The House will be called into session and after the reading of the speech from the Throne, outlining the program of the session to follow, the members will disperse until after the New Year.

Two British Cruisers

Visit Philadelphia

Are Paying Official Visit to Sesqui Centennial Exposition

Philadelphia.—Two fast cruisers of the British navy—H.M.S. Calcutta and H.M.S. Capetown, arrived at the Philadelphia navy yard, to pay an official visit to the Sesqui-Centennial Exposition.

The ships are under the command of Vice-Admiral Sir Walter Cowan, see and in command of the Royal Navy. After an official welcome at the navy yard, Sir Walter, accompanied by his staff, will move to the city hall, where he was greeted by Mayor Kendrick.

Mussolini Facing Operation

London.—A Geneva dispatch to The Daily Express says that Dr. Sanerbrun, eminent Bavarian surgeon, has been summoned by telegram to consult with medical men in Rome, with reference to a proposed operation on Premier Mussolini. The Berne News paper fund says that Dr. Sanerbrun has left Munich for Rome.

Wheat Pool Announces Final Crop Payment To Be Made At Once

Winnipeg.—A total of \$8,850,000, representing a final payment of five cents per bushel on the 1925-26 crop, will be paid to farmers in Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba wheat

pools, it was announced following sessions of the central selling agency at the Winnipeg offices.

One dollar per bushel was the initial payment made for the 1925-26 crop year, and this was followed by an interim payment of 20 cents per bushel and another interim payment of 20 cents, making with the five cents now given, a total payment of \$1.45.

J. A. McPhail, president of the Central Selling Agency, has issued the following statement:

"The final wheat pool payment for the 1925-26 crop year is being made from the three provincial offices. The average central selling price for the year on one Northern wheat, based on Port William, after carrying charges

London.—The Earl of Oxford and Asquith made a speech at Greenock which was purely a political victory, throwing no further light on his resignation from the leadership of the Liberal party.

Despite its unexpected nature, that resignation has not greatly ruffled the political waters. High tributes are paid in newspapers of all political colors to Lord Oxford's great qualities. Those which opposed him, however, point out that he leaves his party in a "state of disintegration and disunity."

It seems to be generally accepted that there will be no attempt to elect a successor to Lord Oxford, the leadership of the party reverting automatically to David Lloyd George. It was the political hostility between Lord Oxford and Mr. Lloyd George that was responsible for the action of Lord Oxford in relinquishing the leadership. They were at odds, for one thing, over the attitude of the party in connection with the general strike last June. Mr. Lloyd George disavowed the policy of Lord Oxford and other prominent Liberals in branding the strike as illegal.

Lord Oxford was carried away by the warmth of his reception at Greenock and tears streamed down his face when his daughter, Lady Bonham Carter, spoke touchingly in support of a resolution expressing gratitude and appreciation of his services to the country. Many of the audience were affected when the song "Will Ye No Come Back Again?" was sung.

In his speech Lord Oxford declared that the appearance of the Labor party has done nothing to render the mission of Liberalism obsolete. If unity was to be more than a hollow, deceptive phrase, he said, it must be whole-hearted and without qualifications or reserves.

Ban On U.S. Picture

Decide Not to Show Picture Showing British Escort of Troops

Renewed efforts designed to lift the ban on the United States film "Platoon of the Opera," the arrival of which a year ago roused a storm of protest in the press because British troops were used to escort it from Southampton to London, have failed.

The British Cinematograph Exhibitors' Association voted finally not to show the picture. Representatives of Carl Laemmle, the producer, gave assurance that all parts of a film showing the British escort of troops had been turned over to the war office but the latter still stands by its declaration made last year that the use of the troops was brought about by a "clever, humiliating, advertising hoax."

Canadian Ambassador Question

London.—With a view to correcting an apparently wrong impression in Canada, The Morning Post says that there can be no possible objection to the appointment of a Canadian diplomatic resident in Washington to conduct Canadian business with the United States. Such an appointment, however, the paper states, is an innovation which suggests various possibilities in regard to the whole question of the empire's foreign policy. It is this aspect that arouses discussion says the Post.

The Epic of Wheat

Increasing Homage to the Necessity of the Wheat Farmer

Bad weather on the prairies, and consequent interruption of the grain harvest, are circumstances which remind Canada of all that wheat means in her present welfare and her world destiny. It is the current fashion to discuss world politics in terms of high finance, of credits and trade balances and currency exchange. But these are all the counters and the symbols of industry and commerce. Our civilization rests upon the bread earth and its products, upon coal and iron and cotton and oil and wheat; and the weather reports from Alberta and Saskatchewan are more to Canada at this time of the year than all the political news from all the rest of the governments.

While it is still too early to estimate the losses from the untimely rains of September in the great prairie grain country, and while it is already possible to hope that these losses will prove less than was feared a week or so ago, the damage was bad enough. The first impulse of sympathy is toward the people farmer, who has seen the work of his hands. In the honest sweat of his brow, lost in the wanton sport of the north wind. But the romance of wheat growing is an epic, and when it is tragedy, it is a tragedy. The bad news of the September storms was bad news in Vancouver and Montreal, as well as in Calgary and Edmonton and Regina and Winnipeg; and the Okanagan orchardist, who finds his McIntosh apples a drug in the normally lull market beyond the Rockies, knows well enough that one Canadian's loss, in this ancient bread and butter philosophy, can never be another Canadian's gain.

The romance of wheat growing, it seems, is always in some sort or other, the romance of warfare—the eternal warfare of man with nature. It is only for a bad year that September now betrays the Canadian farmer. In the best of years, the loss to the wheat farmers of the world from rust alone amounts to \$500,000,000. Sir Rowland Biffen, the famous wheat expert of Cambridge University, noting this tremendous loss, is still an optimist about wheat. He says that the world's population is increasing faster than the wheat area. He thinks the world is likely to acknowledge an increasing homage to the essential necessity of the wheat farmer to a real sense, to the extent that Canada is qualifying as a world granary. *Canada is qualifying as a world granary.*—Vancouver Province.

Deserves No Mercy

Court Should Deal Severely With Reckless Motor Drivers

Police are continually looking for the "motorist who did not stop the car who through reckless driving causes injury to fellow-citizens, or damage to property, and shows further disregard for courtesy and decency of proceeding on his way, and adding to the assistance to those whom he has wronged."

The great trouble is that when a motorist is caught the courts are too lenient in the business of handing out justice. Reckless driving is in itself an offence which is serious enough, and one which should be dealt with severely. Through failure to stop to ascertain the amount of the damage he has created, or to render assistance to those he may have injured, or to face the music and accept the responsibility for the misdeed, the reckless driver places himself in the position of a man who deserves no mercy. The habit of punishment should be given him in the event of his capture.

Want Canadian at Geneva

The International Labor office of the League of Nations, Geneva, desires to obtain the services of a Canadian as assistant legal adviser on their staff to replace Norman MacKenzie, a graduate of Dalhousie university, Halifax, who has lately resigned this post to become professor of international law in the University of Toronto. The department of labor of Canada will assist in securing the services of a suitable appointee.

"Do you understand the traffic signals?"

"Perfectly," answered the girl who was driving with an out-of-town license tag. "When the car ahead of me starts I do the same."

England Builds Iron Houses

Iron houses are to be built in Northampton, England, for workmen. The housing committee has awarded a contract to a local foundry for material of the first iron houses.

Flowers picked in the morning in Holland are on sale the same afternoon in Berlin, being carried by airplane from one country to another.

Still World's Best Seller

Over Ten Million Bibles Sold by Society Last Year

Among books, the Bible remains the world's best seller. The annual report of the British and Foreign Bible Society recently issued shows that the total sales last year were nearly 15,000,000. Moreover, this is only in the countries where the parent Society takes the place of a national Bible Society. The Society does not give its books away, except in unusual circumstances, though it often sells at a nominal price, which leaves most of the expense to be borne by itself.

Of the total issue 1,261,600 volumes were circulated in China notwithstanding the turmoil and chaos of years of civil war. But the Chinese have always been a reading, religious and philosophic people, and they readily absorbed the Society's Bibles written by Chinese scholars, printed in Chinese type and bound in the Chinese style. Similarly though on a smaller scale, the Moslem world, with an established literature of its own, takes a considerable number of Bibles, and the Society attributes a large proportion of the converts from Islam to their having read the Scriptures. In Bolshevik Russia the doors are barred to the Bible, and in certain other European countries poverty prevents its purchase by all but a few. Among primitive races without any literature of their own the Society meets with difficulties of another kind. Of the whole number issued last year only 1,000,000, printed in English, were distributed among English-speaking communities. This, however, does not mean that they had a sufficient number, for many of them printed supplies for themselves.

Water Essential To Health

People Should Drink Three Pints Daily Whether Thirsty or Not

The average person should drink at least three pints of water daily, even more than that during the hot weather. Because you are not thirsty does not necessarily mean that you do not need more water. When you consider that water comprises about 70 per cent of the body weight and has many important functions, you understand why there is little danger that any person in good health can drink too much of it.

Water is necessary to provide elasticity and suppleness to bones, muscles, cartilage and tendons, to moisten various parts of the body so they may perform their functions, and to act as a solvent, for food so that it may be absorbed. It also provides a fluid medium for the blood and lymph by which nutritive substances are taken to all parts of the system and waste products are removed. One common fallacy now is the belief that water should not be drunk with meals, or that it interferes with digestion. The only harmful practice is to drink any liquid when you have food in your mouth. This promotes a tendency either to under-chew or over-chew, because the food is washed down. Because it dissolves gases and solids and absorbs odors, and because it usually is taken into the body raw, water is the most potent carrier of harmful bacteria. It carries poisons and parasitic forms of animal and vegetable life. Disease germs are mostly vegetable.

King Meets Veteran Engineers

All Had Driven Engines Attached to Trains Bearing Royalty

Nine aristocrats of the locomotive world who have retired from active work on the railways were presented to His Majesty the King when the Royal train bearing the King and Queen from Balmoral to London passed through Crown, the great railway centre in the Midlands.

These veteran engineers, among them had covered 25,000,000 miles without a single accident happening to their trains, and each of them on a number of occasions had driven engines attached to trains bearing royalty.

One of the nine veterans recalled, having had, at various periods in his career as engineer, in his keeping the lives of Queen Victoria and the Prince Consort, the Shah of Persia, King of Spain, a President of France and President Woodrow Wilson.

Discovered Lloyd George

The man who "discovered" premier David Lloyd George is dead.

He was H. J. Williams, a well-known temperance reformer and superintendent of the United Kingdom Alliance, Britain's foremost temperance organization. Mr. Williams was the first Welsh Grand Chief Templar forty years ago, and it was then that he induced Lloyd George to make his first public speech at Machynlleth, Wales.

More than four hundred tramps recently arrested in New Orleans, were put to work cleaning the streets.

Sir Francis Drake Vindicated

Proved After Three Centuries That He Did Not Disobey Orders

Like a voice from the romantic adventurous past to the present prosaic, sophisticated and business-ridden world came a London dispatch. Sir Francis Drake, picturesque seafarer of the Elizabethan era, has been cleared of accusations that he had disobeyed orders during the pursuit of the Spanish armada after a lapse of three centuries. A 335-year-old letter from a German sea captain substantiates the Drake version of the adventure in which he denied deserting the post assigned to him by Lord Howard, the commander of the pursuing British fleet.

Those were the glorious days when sailors were sailors and accustomed to put to sea in tubs, the like of which would be condemned as unfit for oceanic use under present conditions. In the old days, so the story goes, it was lion men and wooden ships. Today it is iron ships and wooden men. The inference is we have softened under safety. Steam has replaced the more romantic sail; the clanking steamship has given place to the commonplace liner. But the glorious atmosphere of adventure continues, as witness Alan Cobham's succession of flights over land and sea. Romance still lives, though its form and content have changed and the modern background provides no mystery of the kind that thrills.

Originated In Netherlands

Words of "Yankee Doodle" Came From Old Dutch Air

W. L. Endicott, student of archeology and of languages, believes that "Yankee Doodle" originated in the Netherlands. He says the words of the song came from "Yonk Heer Doodle," an old Dutch air.

"Yonk Heer Doodle," Mr. Endicott states, "was intended as a contribution to annoy the young heers, or young lords. In America it is supposed to have been first rendered by a British drum corps, largely for the purpose of giving the American New Amsterdam contingent a military rating founded on ridicule. The name 'Yankee' is American-Indian, a corruption of 'Yank Heer' by the aborigines who inhabited the vicinity of New Amsterdam."

"The Indians accustomed to hear the Dutch citizens as 'Yonk Heer' arrived at the deduction that all white men were 'Yonk Heer.' 'Yankee' was the best they could make of it."

Holland Losing Windmills

Are Either Being Electrified or Torn Down Completely

Progress is causing some pangs in Holland, where for years the windmills were closely tied up to the happiness and customs of the people. These mills are steadily passing out of the picture because they are either being electrified or torn down completely. The Dutch miller has always given his mill a name. It never has been just "the mill." With a happy event such as a marriage of his daughter, the mill was always gaily decorated, which will not be likely under the new regime. If the owner died, twenty boards in the arm of the mill were removed.

It's enough to make a man get his back up when he is asked to shoulder the responsibilities of another.

A chilly reception doesn't end one off on a hot day.



Football Team Takes to Farming

These husky Scottish boys are already established in Canada, and are seeking their fortunes in Canadian agricultural fields. They sailed on the Canadian Pacific liner Montclair some time ago from Glasgow under the direction of Dr. G. C. Cosser, well known

Another Theory About Health

Only Blue Eyed People Are In Perfect Condition Says Doctor

Your health determines whether you have blue, green, grey, hazel, black or brown eyes, Dr. J. D. Levine, editor of a health publication, declared in a talk at Seattle.

If your eyes are blue with a silken finish you are in perfect health, Dr. Levine said. Abnormal states of body and nerves are responsible for all other colors.

"Every child is born with blue eyes," Dr. Levine said. "Even negro children at birth have grayish-blue eyes, never a deep dark brown. Changes from blue to green, grey, hazel, brown and other colors are not due to racial, political, religious, climatic, or accidental considerations, but to states caused by toxins, acids, inflammations or congestions in the body."

"Ninety per cent of the people have brown eyes, which show the presence of toxins. The color may be changed by abstinence from certain food."

"The Irish of the Old Country are blue-eyed because they are forced to live on a strict diet, frequently and fortunately nothing but potatoes and butter-milk."

"Sailors who breathe the pure oxygen of sea air and mountaineers in high altitudes have blue eyes."

Alliterative Sentences

Peter-Piperisms Have a Great Vogue in Britain

Now that the crossword puzzle which swept across England from America, leaving a trail of thumbed dictionaries in its wake, has spent its force, England has turned to peter-piperisms for solace.

Peter-piperisms are alliterative sentences containing at least eight, and not more than 12 words, each word of which begins with the same letter.

"Since short skirts still seem stylish, silk stockings shouldn't suit," is the contribution of one alliterative expert.

Another hopes "may many more mainly miners migrate, marry methodical mads, make much money."

Other tongue twisters are: "Mr. Manager, money might make Mau marry my miserable Max—Max's mother." "Stephen, shyly stroking Sylvia's shilling shingle, seemingly smiles smiling Sylvia's single."

Mistakes To Avoid

Seven Things People Would Do well To Remember

The decision that you advance in life by crushing others.

The tendency to worry over things that cannot be helped.

Insisting that a thing is impossible because we, ourselves, cannot do it.

Attempting to compel others to live and believe as we do.

Neglecting to develop and refine the mind by reading.

Refusing to set aside a trivial preference in order that an important thing may be accomplished.

Failing to realize that your chance begins when you think you have one.

Zebroid Is New Animal

An animal strong as a mule, possessing as great intelligence and able to withstand terrific heat, has been produced on a Kansas farm. It has been christened a "zebroid," being a cross between a zebra and a Percheron.

A Lonely British Colony

Finest and Loneliest British Outpost Off African Coast

A report about the health of the people of Tristan da Cunha, the finest and loneliest outpost of the British Empire, based on a two days' visit paid at the end of January by Dr. H. Marshall, surgeon of the "Discovery," has been made available by the British Medical Research Council. Our sympathies are often elicited on behalf of these people. "Only one vessel calls a year," we are told; yet American tourists send stores ashore and in return relate sprightly stories of their generosity.

What are the facts? Dr. Marshall medically examined half the population. He found the health of the community good. They grow no wheat, and rarely see flour, sugar, tea, or jam. Potatoes are the "staff of life." In the days of sailing ships the islanders had frequent callers, and obtained by trading what they themselves do not produce. Now they do without them, and without apparent disadvantage.

Seven men who married colored women from the Cape of Good Hope and St. Helena, founded the colony a century ago. Their descendants now number 140, and there are no signs of mental or physical degeneration due to the inter-marriage. They have good physique. In the children traces of colored ancestry have nearly disappeared. The oldest inhabitant was an octogenarian. Everybody has good teeth; life is hard, and food not in much variety, but Dr. Marshall does not think there ever has been serious risk of starvation, even when the land crops were disappointing, and the people will not talk of deserting their heritage.

The life certainly presents attractions; no landlords, no taxes, no strikes; complete freedom, in fact from the worry inseparable from the stress of modern life. The Tristan da Cuhians have perhaps, attained as great a measure of tranquillity as is possible in this imperfect world!

A Straight Road

Last 92 miles of H. B. Railway Has Scarcely a Curve

If the Hudson's Bay railway is completed to Port Nelson, the road will enjoy the distinction of having one of the longest straight stretches of trackage in America. The last lap of the road will be 92 miles long, with scarcely a curve.

The grade between Kettle Rapids and Port Nelson, built some years ago but on which rails have not yet been laid, has no more than one or two slight curves. It is slightly more than 92 miles long and, walking along it, one gets the impression of looking "half way into tomorrow."

At the present time the longest straight stretch of trackage in the world is reputed to be on the Regina-Kisbey division of the C.P.R. Commencing at Whinipuk street, Regina, the line runs straight as an arrow for 96.12 miles southeast to a curve east of Kisbey. It is declared to be one of the big engineering feats of railroad-building.

Says Crying Hard Work

Don't cry. It's such hard work. According to a Danish physiologist, experiments show that the tissue changes taking place in a crying baby are double those that occur in a baby who is asleep.

The oldest known manuscript of the Bible is at the Vatican in Rome.

May Put Palestine On Paying Basis

Company Has Been Formed to Control Waters of River Jordan

Four of the most famous Jews in England have joined hands as directors of a new company which plans to industrialize Palestine and make the Zionists self-supporting by controlling the waters of the River Jordan. They are the Marquess Reading, late Viceroy of India; Sir Alfred Mond, M.P., coal owner; James de Rothschild, city financier, and Sir Hugo Wrist, founder of the General Electric Company.

The president of the company, of which these four financial giants are directors, is a fifth great Jew, as yet not so well known as the others, but with a fair chance of outstripping them all—Pinhas Rutenberg.

Rutenberg's career reads like a novel. He was born in Russia and educated as a civil engineer. He fled to Switzerland on account of his political views, but returned to Russia in 1917 as chief of police of Petrograd under Kerensky. He fled again when the Bolsheviks came into power and thereafter engaged in irrigation and water power work in France, Italy and Palestine. He still is under 50.

In 1923 Rutenberg formed "The Palestine Electric Corporation Ltd., with the idea of turning the Jewish homeland into a self-supporting industrial community by harnessing the upper Jordan and other streams in Palestine and trans-Jordan. The scheme then was denounced both by Zionists in Palestine and financiers in London as impracticable and dangerous. Rutenberg was accused of trying to make himself "king of Palestine." But after three years' work Rutenberg succeeded in his scheme and his efforts are crowned with the announcement of the new company.

This event may turn out to be the most important step that has ever occurred in the economies of Zionism. Rutenberg's concession gives him the right to utilize water power in certain areas both of Palestine and trans-Jordan for seventy years for the generation of electric energy. It also gives him the exclusive right to produce and distribute power in those areas amounting to a semi-official announcement.

In other words, this unknown Russian emigre may succeed where everything else has failed in putting Palestine on a paying basis.

Declares Women Are Not Good Announcers

Cannot Stand Physical Strain Says Broadcasting Company

The British Broadcasting Company does not favor women for radio announcers, despite the fact that women function in this capacity all over the continent, and one at least, Sonarita Jacua Chreunogy, at San Sebastian, is known by her voice to thousands of British listeners and universally praised for her enunciation and microphone personality.

The B. B. C.'s decision is not a reflection on women's intelligence, they hasten to explain. "We have found that women are temperamentally less suitable than men, and the heavy physical strain imposed on the announcer is greater than could be borne by the average woman. Further, there is something incongruous to a woman announcing weighty news bulletins or long lists of football results."

Testing Beet Seed

Seventeen years ago a number of beet seeds were stored away by a Danish seed-testing station. Each year some have been withdrawn for experimental purposes. Tests proved that eighty-five per cent of germination took place in the second year and twenty-four per cent in the seventeenth year of dormancy. Seeds of white clover germinated after a lapse of twenty-five years.

Ruby Mines For Sale

Because rubies have lost some of their popularity, the Burma ruby mines have been offered for sale, subject to approval by the Government of India.

The mines, near Mandalay, have been operated for years by a London company and have produced from surface workings gems valued at approximately \$10,000,000.

Best Not So Good

"Can you direct me to the best hotel in this town?" asked the stranger as he deposited his bag on the station platform.

"I can," replied the man who was waiting for a train going the other way, "but I hate to do it."

"Because you will think, after you've seen it, that I'm a liar."

A Chicago man who was rejected by an examining board during the Civil War as physically unfit and warned that he would "not last a week," died recently at the age of 92.

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J. G. Haney, the noted farm
lecturer is scheduled to lecture at
the local School of Agriculture on
November 9th at 2:30 p. m.

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The Gleaner Girls will give a
Halloween Dance in the Opera
House, Saturday, October 30th.
The hall will be specially decorated.
Twenty-five prizes will be
given away. All welcome.

Mrs. D. L. Gilbert, teacher of
music (A. T. C. M.), in piano, and
honors, graduate from the Toron-
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open for music pupils. Prices, 75c
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the U. F. W. A. in the Opera
House on Saturday, Nov. 13th.
Special prizes will be given for
best misfit costumes (lady and
gentleman), and for holders of the
two lucky tickets. All are wel-
come. Tickets \$1.00, extra lady
25 cents. 3—n13

NOTICE is hereby repeated
that the Town of Raymond Stray
Pound By-law will be in effect
throughout each year, and citizens
are requested to handle animals
accordingly. The Town now has
but one pound which is located at
the office of the Knight Sugar Co.
R. A. VanOrman,
Chief of Police.



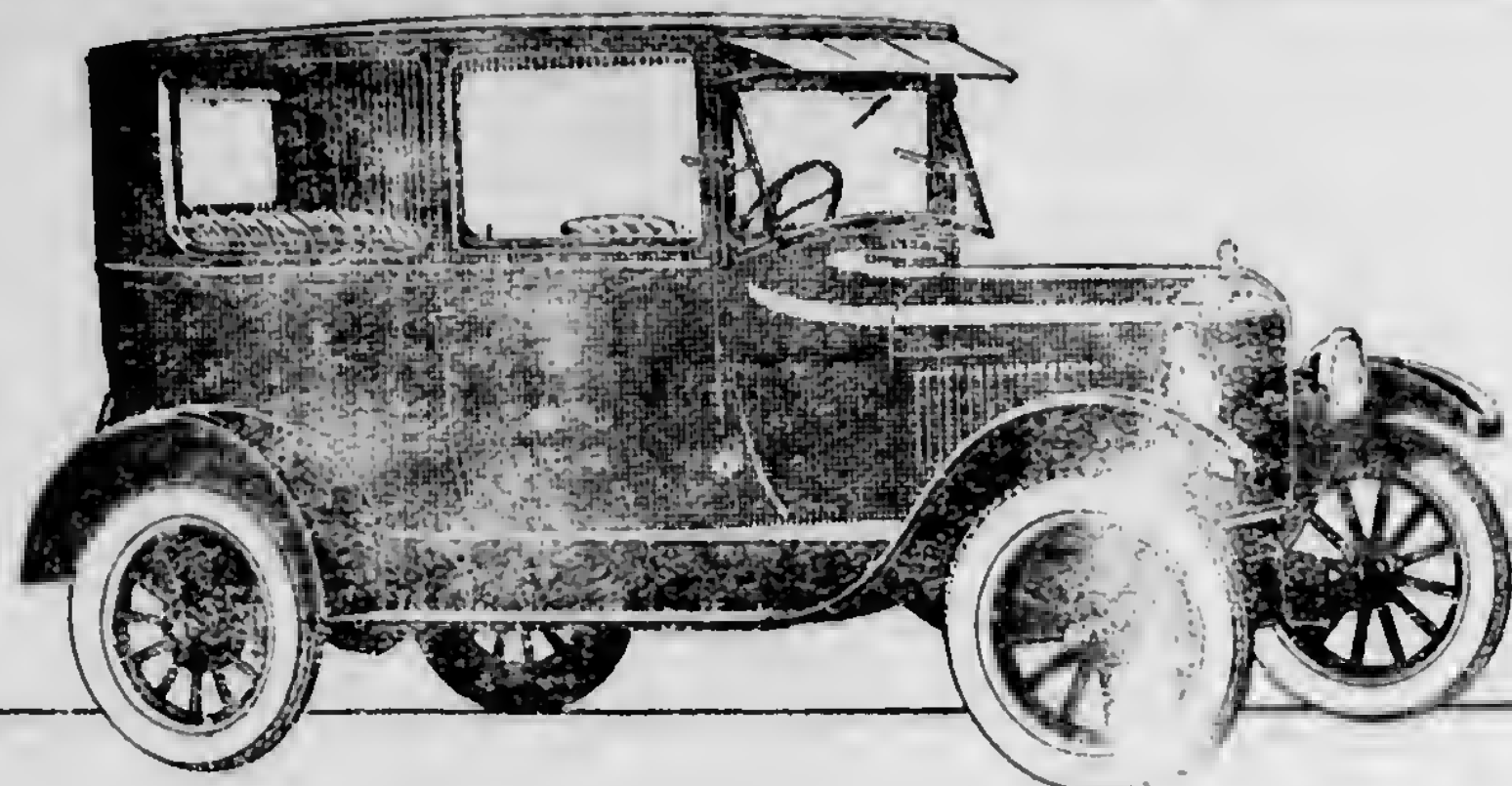
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